BARRY UNIVERSITY



DEPARTMENT OF THEOLOGY ANO

FOREWORD AND ACCREDITATION

MASTER OF ARTS IN THEOLOGY PROGRAM

1.1 Introduction

Founded in 1940 in the tradition of Saint Dominic by the Adrian Dominican Sisters, Barry University is committed to the promotion of it mission by upholding and promoting the Catholic intellectual tradition, where integration of study, reflection and action inform the intellectual life. "Faithful to this traditiona Barry educations peks to] foster individual and communal transformation where learning leads to knowledge and truth and reflection informed action and a commitment to social justice and collaborative ser [widthin] a University community where all are welcome

Barry's Master of Arts in Theologydegree program provident student with a foundational understanding of scriptural, systematic, monated liturgical theology. The studenthasthe option of obtaining a Concentration in Hispanic/Latino Ministriturgical Studies, or Health Care Ethics within this program.

This degree program engaghs student in the search for truth and wisdom through the knowledge of God in Jesus Christ. The studegiven the tools necessary to accomplish this by gaining a firm knowledge of the origins and development of the Raminolic tradition and its kinship with Protestanta stern Orthodoxand Jewish traditions.

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1.2 Program Goals

1.2.1) The MA in Theology is designed to asst students in the development of the following goals

- x Rigorous academic engagement in the areas of biblical, systematic, liturgical/sacramental, and moral theology
- x Theological research through historical methods in Scripture, systematic, sacramental/liurgical, and moral theology
- x Integrated theological reflection on experience
- x Theological engagement with diverse crostural contexts and a global worldview.

1.2.2) The MA in Theology Program expects students will:

- x Delineate clearly the distinct differences between theology and catechesis
- x Trace chronologically he historical development of the Christian tradition through the areas of biblical, systematic, liturgilcand moral theology
- x Integrate theological reflection withcademic research.
- x Distinguish and dialogue with theologies characterized by specific cultural contexts.

1.3 CORECURRICULUM

The MA in Theology Programequires(1) satisfactory completion of minimum of 36 hours of course work and 2) pass written and oral comprehensioneninations. The Master of Arts in Theology requires 36 credits of coursework in the following distribution:

Х	THE 609G: Introduction to Systematic Theology	3 Credits
Х	THE 636G Christology OR THE 637G Christian God	3 Credits
Χ	One Hebrew Scripture Course	3 Credits
Х	One New Testament Course	3 Credits
Х	One Liturgical/Sacramental Theology Course	3 Credits
Х	One Fundamental Morality Course	3 Credits
Χ	Electives	18 credits

Total: 36 credits

2. Admission

2.1) Requirements for Admission

The applicant to the M.A. in Theology program must present a completed application with satisfactory evidence of the following:

- 2.1.1) Baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution or A.T.S. with at least a 3.0 grade point average (see Collegants and Sciences requirements).
- 2.1.2) Sufficient undergraduate preparation or life experience, usually 18 hours of undergraduate theology/religious studies or equivalency.
- 2.1.3) A minimum score of 350 on the Miller Analogies Test or 150 on the Verbal portion of the G.R.E.
- 2.1.4) Theology Assessment, administered online by the program director
- 2.1.5) An interview with members of the Graduate Theology Committee
- 2.1.6) Two Letters of Recommendation
- 2.1.7) Academic Witing sample
- 2.1.8) Access to distance lening resources and technology
- 2.2) Screening for Admission
- 2.2.1) The Program Director reviews the completed application.
- 2.2.2) The Program Director presents the application to the Graduate Theology Committee
- 2.2.3) The Admissions Subcommittee of the Graduate Theology Committee reviews the applicant's file and recommends action on the application.
- 2.2.4) The Program Director follows the Committee's recommendation on affiction. recommended, an interview appointment with the applicant will be set by the Program Director.
- 2.2.5) The Interview Committee is composed of the Program Director and Graduate Theology Committee faculty members.
- 2.2.6) Following the interview, the Interview Committee makes the final idea concerning the applicant's admission to the program.

3. Types of Acceptance

3.1 Full Acceptance

- 3.1.1) Full acceptance is granted when a student has satisfactorily met all of the admissions requirements as stated in Sections 2.1 and 2.2.
- 3.1.2) The Program Director confirms in writing all decisions concerning acceptance.

3.2 Non-Matriculation and Provisional Acceptance

- 3.2.1) An applicant may be permitted to register for a maximum of 9 credits as a non matriculated student, with the approval to Program Director.
- 3.2.2) Provisional acceptance may be granted when an applicant's file is incomplete; this applicant may be permitted to register for a maximum credits, with the approval of the Program Director.
- 3.2.3) The Graduate Theolo@ommittee is responsible for making decisions regarding a student's provisional acceptance.
- 3.2.4) The Program Director confirms in writing all decisions concerning matriculation and provisional acceptance.

4. Transfer of Credits

4.1 Credits Eligible for Transfer

- 4.1.1) A maximum of six (6) credits in Theologyay be transferred with the approval of the Department Chair.
- 4.1.2) Credits to be transferred must how an accredited institution or ATS.
- 4.1.3) Any credits approved by the Department Chair for transfer must be earned within the sevenyear time limitation of the M.A. degree.

5.

6. Time Limitations, Continuing Registration, Course Withdrawal, Withdrawal from Program, Leave & Absenceand Readmission

6.1 Time Limit

- 6.1.1) A minimum of two years is required to complete the Master of Artsierology degree Students pursuing the Master of Arts in Theology permitted seven years from the date of initial matriculation to complete all requireme to be completed on a full or partitime basis.
- 6.1.2) Requests for aextended period of time to complete requiremestisuld be directed to the student's advisor for action by the Graduate The Dogwinittee.

6.2 Continuing Registration

6.2.1) Cons(t)-2 (i)15 o0 Td.t uP <</MC1Ai(t)-2 (ihod of)3 (t)-2 (i)on stratite airaten od ofn o9 >> B

7. Grading, Academic Probation and/or Dismissal

7.1 Grading

- 7.1.1)The Department uses the following letter grades of A (4.0)(3.75), B+ (3.5), B (3.0), C (2.0), and F (0.0).
- 7.1.2) The student must achieve a minimum cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 3.0 in the graduate program to qualify for graduat

7.2 Academic Dishonesty

- 7.2.1) Students must fulfill course requirements so that their total course work represents honest and diligent scholarship without misrepresentation of one's own work or submission of another's scholarship as one's own. Somisrepresentation, cheating, and plagiarism are direct violations of academic honesty.
- 7.2.2) Misrepresentation includes the submission of any work product formerly prepared for and submitted as part of a prior or concurrent course without the explanation of the professor(s).

7.3.3) The student shabe dismissed from the program for failure to adhere to the policies and procedures of the University less ecommended and approved for continuing matriculation For more information regarding this course of action see: http://www.barry.edu/studenthandbook/handbook/acacleis/nonestyPolicy.html

9. Study Options

- 9.1) Graduate courses in theology are offered in four periods of study throughout the year: Fall, Winter, Spring, and Summer. Each course is three credit hours. The student may complete the program of study using the following options:
- 9.1.1) Traditional Academic Yea Studentsmay studyin the Fall and String semesters of the academic yea Courses meet once each week.
- 9.1.2) Winter and Summer Terms with TwWveek ResidencyStudents who are actively engaged in ministry may study during Winter and Summer terms withward residencies. This schedule requires completion of pand postresidency assignments to fulfill the term of study. Each term begins even weks prior to the residency period and ends six weeks following the residency for a total of 15 weeks of course activistance may register for two courses during each term of study.
- 9.1.3) Through the YearStudents who have the opportunity for full the studymay register

- 10.1.6) The Concentration in Hispanic/Latino Ministry and Theology requires that student selectthree (3) of this four (4) elective courses from the Institute for Hispanic/Latino Theology and Ministry. These three courses must include one (1) of the Foundational Courses (THE30 or THE 631.)
- 10.1.7) The Concentration in Healthcare Ethics requires two (2) additional core courses (THE 653 and THE 667/HSA 525) and two (2) elective courses from the healthcare ethics curriculum (THE 658, THE 669, THE 671, THE 672, THE 674, THE 675, THE 712).
- 10.1.8) The Concentration in Liturgical Stedirequires two additional core courses (THE 639 and THE 642) and three (3) elective courses from the sacramental/liturgical curriculum (THE 641, THE 643 THE 668, THE 709, THE 718).

102 Capstone Process

- 10.2.1) The student must pass the Capstome &s
- 10.2.2) The Capstone Process for the Master of Arts in Theology consists of two components: (1) Written Comprehensive Examinations and Qral Examination on the contents of the comprehensives. Students planning to take written and oral comprehensives in a particular semester must register for the course MAS COMP through WebAdvisor at the beginning of the semester in which they intend to sit for the examinations.
- 10.2.3) Written Comprehensive Examinations: Students complete Written Comprehensive Examinations in the fiveheological disciplines Using historical critical method, as well as contemporary, contextual theological perspectives, students are expected to integrate course content as well as other bibliographic resources into each theological ar
- 10.2.4) The Department rovides students with questions and a recommended bibliography for examinations in Hebrew Scriptures

11. Program Assessments

11.1 Graduate Theology Committee Review

- 11.1.1) Evaluation and assessment ensure the quality and integrity of the program.
- 11.1.2) Beginning with the annual Fall Semester Faculty Meetingach academic year, the faculty of the Department devotes attention to the assessment of the previous year's activities and plans for the present year.
- 11.1.3)The Graduate Theologyommittee evaluates the program throughout the monthly meetings of the academic year.
- 11.1.4) Along with the Chairperson of the Department, each faculty member reviews course evaluations with a view toward improving urse planning and instruction.

11.2 STUDENTEVALUATIONS AND ENTRANCE/EXIT INTERVIEWS

- 11.2.1) The studerst evaluate instructor(s) area ch academic course takenery semester
- 11.2.2) The student evaluates academic advising they have received in the program.
- 11.2.3)An entrance and exit interview is conducted at the beginning and at the completion of the program

- 12. Tuition, Feesand Financial Aid
- 12.1 Tuition and Fees

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APPENDICES

Appendix A: Course/Program Record for MA in Theology

Appendix B: Questions and Bibliography for Comprehensive Examinations

Appendix C: Course Distribution for the MA in Theology

Appendix D List of Courses and Descriptions for the MA in Theology

Appendix E Application for Comprehensive Exams

III. Comprehensive Examina	itions:		
Date Completed:	Result: _		
Examiners:		 	
•		 	

APPENDIX B

MASTER OF ARTS IN THEOLOGY COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS HEBREW SCRIPTURE

Provided by Dr. George Boudreau, OP

1. Pentateuch Choosenebook from the Torah. Describe (a) the most important issues pertaining to its composition and/or redaction, (c) its major themes and teachings and (b) its distinctiveness and purpose within the Pentateuch, the Hebrew Scriptures, and the Bible as a whole. Discuss the ways in which historical criticism (knowledge about the ancient Near Easterncontext of the book's composition) contribute to our understanding of the work. Additionally, provide an example of how the book's teaching is relevant for your community or ministry. Cite and interpret passages where appropriate.

Bibliography:

- A. Select twoor three of the best commentaries on your chosen book (especially the commentaries found in the following series: Old Testament Library, Word Biblical Commentary, New Century Bible, New International Commentary on the Old Testament, Anchor BibleSeries) and consult the general introtion at the beginning of each commentary.
- B. Look up your chosen book ("Genesis," "Exodus," etc.) in the appropriate volume of The New Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible five-volume and in the Anchor Bible Dionary.
- C. Blenkinsopp, Joseph Pentateuch Vork, NY: Doubleday, 1992.
- D. Fretheim, Terence he Pentateuch Ashville, TN: Abingdon Press, 1996.*
- E. Wenham, Gordon. "Pondering the Pentateuch: The Search for a New Paradigm," in The Face of Old Testament Studiesds. David Baker and Bill Arnold. Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 1999. pp. 11644.
- * If you have not taken a Pentateuch class, begin with Fretheim's The Pentateuch.
- 2. <u>Prophets</u> Describe prophecy in ancient Israel under the followinpics: (a) origins and development, (b) types of prophets, (c) prophetic genres (forms), and (d) the role of prophecy within Israelite religion. Illustrate the role of prophecy within Israelite religion by presenting the person and messages of **Old** Testament prophetic bookeview the book's major themes and discuss its rhetorical strate yaggest the relevance of the book's rhetorical strategy for today's spiritual leader cite and interpret passages where appropriate.

Bibliography:

- A. The introduction to a reputable commentary on the biblical prophet you discuss in depth. (See Question 1 Bibliography A for a list of commentaries.)
- B. Baker, David, "Israelite Prophets and Prophecy," in The Face of Old Testament. Studies David Baker and Bli Arnold. Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 1999. pp.-296.
- C. Blenkinsopp, Josep A. History of Prophecy in Israe Philadelphia, PA: Westminster, 1983.
- D. Clements, Ronal@Id Testament Prophecy: From Oracle to Canon. Louisville, KY: Westminster Johknox Press, 1996.
- E. Heschel, Abraham J. The Prophetew York, NY: Harper & Row, 1962.
- F. Sweeney, MarvirProphetic Literature Abingdon Press, 2005.*
- *If you have not taken a Prophets class, begin with Sweeney's Prophetic Literature

3. Wisdom Literature:

- a) Choose any one of the following wisdom books: Job, Psalms, Ecclesiastes, or Song of Songs. Name with a brief explanation any three significant introductory points that you would wish to explore in a presentation to a named and describienhae of your choice. (Audience examples: a class of high school or college students, the permanent deacons in your diocese, a small parish group interested in Scripture, Liturgy, etc.)
- b) Choose a well-efined passage from your chosen book. Englaio ways in which this passage obviously exemplifies the typical content, style and genres of Wisdom Literature. Relate this passage to your chosen audience in two ways.

Bibliography:

Any reputable commentary on your chosen Wisdom Book. (See Question 1, Bibliography A, for a list of the reputable commentary series.)

Bergant, Diannelsrael's Wisdom Literature: A Liberatio@ritical Reading. Minneapolis: Fortress, 1997.

Clifford, Richard J. The Wisdom Literature. Nashville: Abingdon, 1998.

Murphy, Roland E. "Introduction to Wisdom Literature." In The New Jerome Biblical

MASTER OF ARTS IN THEOLOGY COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS NEW TESTAMENT Provided by Dr. José David Padila, OP

Brown, Raymond E. An Introduction to the New Testambent York, NY/London, UK: Doubleday, 1996.

- 2. Pauline Letters: Choose one of the seven undispluteters of Paul (proto Pauline) and discuss:
 - 1. The possible problematic situation(s) within the community of the addressee(s)
 - 2. Paul's pastoral approach to the problem
 - 3. The relevance of his approach to a situation you have encountered **external** beor within your ministry.

Bibliography

Dewey, Arthur J. et al., The Authentic Letters of Padelem: Polebridge Press, 2010.

Borg, Marcus J. and Ossan John Dominic,

Articles on John in The New Jerome Biblical Commentary, and New Interpreters' Bible CommentaryEds. Raymond E. Brown, Joseph Fitzmyer, and Roland Murphy (located on the reference shelf in the library).

Revised 2019

MASTER OF ARTS IN THEOLOGY COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY

Provided by Dr. Gloria L. Schaab, SSJ

1. Discuss the doctrine of the Incarnation as it is expressed in New Testament Christology, developed in the Christological councils and rearticulated in represent Christology. Select one contextual Christology [feminist, black, Hispanic/Latino(a), Latin American, evolutionary] that represents and/or responds to your community of faith or ministerial situation. Illustrate and explain through practical example that contextual interpretation of Christ illuminates and liberates your own faith and that of your faith community or ministerial situation.

Bibliography:

- Brown, Raymond. An Introduction to New Testament Christol New York, NY/Mahwah, NJ: Paulist Press, 1994.
- Elizondo, Virgilio. Galilean Journey: The Mexican American Promladaryknoll: Orbis, 2000.
- Johnson, Elizabeth. Consider Jesus: Waves of Renewal in Christology. New York: Crossroad, 1992.
- ________ "Redeeming the Name of Christ." Fineeing Theologyedited by Catherine LaCugna, 115-37. San Francisco: HarperCollins, 1993.
- Kärkkäinen, VeliMatti. Christology: A Global Introduction with an Ecumenical, International, and Contextual Perspecti@rand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2007.
- Migliore, Daniel. "Christology in Context: The Doctrinal and Contextual Tasks of Christology Today." Interpretation 49:3 (1995)42ff.
- Murphy, Larry. "African American Christian Perspectives on Christology and Incarnation." Ex Audito 7 (1991): 73 & 2.
- McDermott, Brian OWord Become Flesh: Dimensions of Christology. Collegeville, MN: Glazier, 1993.
- Peacocke, Arthur. "Divine Being Becoming Humahli'eology for a Scientific Age: Being F(s)-1o3 (o2 (c)4 (A)1 (ge -9.89 -1.: lu0 002 Tc -0.002 Tw2 (ne)4 ()")4 (C)s(.)]

Bibliography

Bevans, Stephen B. An Introduction to Theology in a Global Perspelvitaryknoll: Orbis, 2009.

Christiansen, Drew and Walter Grazer, eds. And God Saw That It Was Good: Catholic Theology and the Environmet Vashington DC: US Catholic Gerence, 1996.

Cone, James. A Black Theology of Liberation. Maryknoll: Orbis, 2010.

Brown Douglas, Kelly. The Black Christ Aryknoll: Orbis, 1994.

Elizondo, Virgilio. Galilean Journey: The Mexican American Promise. Maryknoll: Orbis, 2000.

González Justo L. Mañana: Christian Theology from a Hispanic Perspect Neshville: Abingdon, 1990.

Gutierrez, Gustavo. A Theology of Liberation. New York: Orbis, 1990.

IsasiDiaz, Ada Maria. En La Lucha/ In the Struggle: Elaborating a M Ea1l:ian Theoli-1.15 Td ()Tj E

MASTER OF ARTS IN THEOLOGY COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS SACRAMENTAL AND LITURGICAL THEOLOGY

1. As ministers it is possible to engage a "theology of the liturgy," a "liturgical theology," and a "sacramental theology" in our pastoral judgments and actions both at different occasions and simultaneously. Give examples of operating out of each of these approaches in the pastoral setting while defining, comparing and contrasting the concepts. Finally link theologians to these approaches and show how these methods have influenced the contemporary interpretation of worship in the Church.

Bibliography

Irwin, Kevin W. Liturgical Theology: A Primer. Collegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 1990.

Kavanagh, AidanOn Liturgical Theology. Collegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 1984.

- Power, David N. Sarament: The Language of God's Giving. New York, NY: Crossroad, 1999 (Chapters One and Two).
- Vogel, Dwight W., ed. Primary Sources of Liturgical Theology: A Readellegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 2000.
- 2. Name and describe one of the reformedamental rites in your ecclesial tradition, delineating the fundamental structure of the rite in delineate the historical development of liturgical practice in the case of that rite in Christian history and relate that history to the development of current reformed rite of that sacrament.

Bibliography:

- Austin, Gerard. The Rite of Confirmation: Anointing with the Sphietw York, NY/Pueblo, CO: 1985.
- Bouley, Allen, ed. Catholic Rites Today: Abridged Texts for Students. Collegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 1992.
- Dallen, James. The Reconciling Community: The Rite of Penantegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 1986.
- Kavanagh, AidanThe Shape of Baptism: The Rite of Christian Initiat**Ne**w York, NY/Pueblo, CO: 1978.
- Martos, Joseph. Doors the Sacred: A Historical Introduction to the Sacraments of the Catholic Church. Triumph Books, 2001.
- L22 T(r)5 (is)1 (ti1 (id2 (C)- (nt)-2 (s)-1 Tf [(.C /P <</MCID 22 >>BDC -13.75 -1.15 ft (s)-1 >>BD

- 2. Discuss how the church functions as an authority for the faithful concerning doctrine and morals in general and on ælifssue in particular.
 - a) Describe how the Catholic magisterium exercises its teaching authority, what its method(s) are, and what difference(s) there are between the degrees of authority (full assent to, from the perspective of the magisterium, acceptable possible dissent).
 - b) Explain what, if any, influence collegiality among the bishops and the sensus fidelium enjoy in the "teaching office."
 - c) Choose as a "test case" one of the morality of life issues (abortion, capital punishment, or euthanasia) and exptae essential moral considerations involved in that issue.
 - i. Through the lens of one method of theology, evaluate the life issue you have chosen by using a principal magisterial document. From a Roman Catholic perspective, critique the life issue from the three three
 - ii. If you do not belong to the Roman Catholic tradition, critique through the Ihunasili10 (e)4

- Wildes, Kevin Wm., and Alan C. Mitchell, eds. Choosing Life: A Dialogue on Evangelium vitae. Washington, DC: Georgetow Press, 1997.
- Discuss the development and insights of Catholic Social Tradition and one of the major theological critiques of society during theth2Century. Focus the discussion with the critique of your choosing.
 - a) Describe the essential elements of the Catholic Social Tradition from Pope Leo XIII to Pope Benedict XVI.
 - b) Choose one contextual critique of society (Latin American liberation theology; feminist, mujeristand/or womanist theologies; or theologies based on sexual diversity) and explain its essential elements.
 - c) Illustrate how the Catholic Social Tradition either supporfaits to support the critique you have chosen.

Bibliography

N.B. The statements and social encyclicals of popes Leo XIII to Benedict XVI can be found on the Vatican website, "Papal Archives" www.vatican.va/holy father/index.htmd "Pontifical Council for Justice and Peace" http://www.vatican.va/roman_curia/pontifical_councils/justpeace/index.htm

- Curran, Charles E. Catholic Social Teaching 1894sent: An Historical, Theological and Ethical Analysis Washington, DCGeorgetown University Press, 2002.
- Dorr, Donal. Option for the Poor, revised edition. Maryknoll, Norbis Books, 1992.
- DeBerri, Edward P., James E. Hug, Peter J. Henriot, and Michael J. Schultheis. Catholic Social TeachingOur Best Kept Secretevised/华 ed. Maryknoll, NY:Orbis Books, 2003.
- Himes, Kenneth R., OFM, ed. Modern Catholic Social Teach mmmentary and Interpretations Washington, DC:Georgetown University Press, 2004.
- Kammer, Fred, SJ. Doing Faithjusticen Introduction to Catholic Social Thoughevised ed. Mahwah, NJPaulist Press, 2004.
- Massaro, Thomas. Catholic Social Teaching and United States Welfare Recollegeville, MN: Liturgical Press, 1998.
- Mich, Marvin L. Krier. Catholic Social Teaching and Moveme Mystic, CT:Twenty-Third Publications, 1998.
- Nothwehr, Dawn. That They May Be On Batholic Social Teaching on Racism, Tribalism, and Xenophobia. Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2008.
- Pontifical Council for Justice and Peace. Compendium of the Social Doctrine of the Church. Libreria Editrice Vaticana 2004.
 - http://www.vatican.va/roman_curia/pontifical_councils/justpeace/documents/rc_pc_justpeace_doc_20060526_compendiot-soc_en.html

Special topics/contextased theologies:

Latin American Liberation Theologg

- Althaus Reid, Marcella, Ivan Petrella, and Luis Carlos Susin, eds. Another Possible World: Reclaiming Liberation Theology Norwich, UK: SCM-Canterbury Press, 2007.
- Dussel, Enrique D. Beyond Philosoplethics, History, Marxism, and Liberation Theology Lanham, MD:Rowman & Littlefield, 2003.
- Ellacuría, Ignacio, and Jon Sobrino. Mysterium liberatio Fisa damental Concepts of Liberation Theology Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 1994.
- Gutierrez, Gustavo. A Theology of Liberati**bhi**story, Politics, and Salation. Norwich, UK: SCM-Canterbury Press, 2001.
- Gutierrez, Gustavo Drink from Our Own Well 20th anniversary ed. Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2003.
- Sobrino, JonNo Salvation Outside the Pod rophetie Utopian Essay Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2008.
- Schubeck, Thomas. Liberation Ethicources, Models, and NormMinneapolis, MN: Fortress Press, 1993.

Feminist, Mujeristaand Womanist Theologies

- Albrecht, Gloria.Hitting Home:Feminist Ethics, Women's Work, and the Betrayal of "Family Values" New York, NY:Continuum International Publishing Group, 2002.
- Aquino, Maria Pilar, Maria Jose Rosa**No**mes, ed. Feminist Intercultural Theologyatina Explorations for a Just World. Maryknoll, NYOrbis Books, 2007.
- Copeland, M. Shawn. Enfleshinge adom: Bodies, Race, and Being. Minneapolis, MN: Fortress Press. 2009.
- Copeland, M. Shawn, ed. Uncommon Faithfulnesse Black Catholic Experience. Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2009.
- Curran, Charles E., Margaret A. Farley, and Richard A. McCormick, dSJFeminist Ethics and the Catholic Moral Tradition. Mahwah, NBaulist Press, 1996.
- Daly, Louis K., ed. Feminist Theological Ethicsouisville, KY: Westminster John Knox Press, 1994.
- Douglas, Kelly BrownWhat's Faith Got to do with It? Black Bodies/ristian Souls Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2005.

- Hayes, Diana L., and Cyprian Davis, eds. Taking Down Our Harlassk Catholics in the United StatesMaryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 1998.
- IsasiDiaz, Ada Maria. En La Lucha/In the Struggedaborating a mujeristaberation theology 10th anniversary ed. Minneapolis, Minortress Press, 2004.
- IsasiDiaz, Ada Maria. La Lucha Continue Stujerista Theology Maryknoll, NY: Orbis Books, 2004.
- Patrick, Anne E. Liberating Consciendeminist explorations in theologyPatricri

APPENDIX C

Course Distribution for the

Fundamental Morality Course (Credits)

- x 647G/647 New Trends in Moral Theology (3)
- x 652G/652 Critical Issues in Bioethics (3)
- x 653G/653 Classics in Bioethics (3)
- x 655G/655 Principlesof Christian Morality (3)
- x 656G/656 Catholic Social Thought (3)
- x 665G/665 Historical Resolutions in Moral Theology (3)

635 Ecclesiology:The Mystery of the Church (3 credits) An examination of the foundations for ecclesiology in the New Testament and its development in different Christian traditions with a view of the kerygmatic, sacramental, and charismatic dimensions of Church. Church life, structure, and mission will also receive attention.

636 Christology (3 credits)An examination of the New Testament foundations for Christology and of doctrinal developments in the tradition of the Church. Attention will also focus on contemporary issues in Christology including methodology and the meaning of incarnation.

637 The Christian God and the Human Respons@ credits) A study of the Christian God as Trinity and the human response to this revelation. Foundations altophenets in Trinitarian theology will receive considerable attention to course will also consider the nature and destiny of humankind considered in relation to the Triune God; special references to secularization and faith in God.

641 Liturgical Time and Prayer (3 credits) The nature of liturgy as source and summit of the Church's lifeSpecial attention will be given to: general forms of Christian pralyer; development of structured daily prayer (especially Liturgy of the Hours); and the history and meaning of the liturgical yea Some discussion of the relationship between liturgical time and liturgical environment (especially art and architecture).

642 Sacramental Theology (3 credits) look at Christian sacraments from the perspective of religious experience and symbol hrist, the primordial sacrament, the Church as sacrament, and a theological-historical examination of each sacrament.

643 Rites of Christian Initiation (3 credits) An in-depth study of Baptist Confirmation and Eucharistas sacraments of full initiation into Christian literolution and current thought on these sacrament biscussion of the Rite of Christian Initiation of Alts.

644 Issues in Ecumenism (3 credits) n examination of the ecumenical movement and its importance for Christian unity. Ecclesiological models as well as classical /TT0 sacramtancnsa (w)

665 Historical Resolutions in Moral Theology (3 credits)This course will examine the historical development of the discipline of moral theology through the causes of debates and the vigorous exploration of resolutions. Attention will be given to the influence of the great thinkers, how their influence is still prevalent, and whether their influence is still valid.

701 Independent Studie \$1-3 credits) A faculty member will direct a student in individual research with the approval of the Chair.

705 Hebrew Scriptures(3 credits) A course including specialized topics in Old Testament, designed for students who have completed courses in the areas of prophetic literature, Torah, wisdom literature, and historical books.

706. New Testament Exeges(§ credits) A course including

APPENDIX E

APPLICATION FOR MA-THEO COMPREHENSIVE EXAMS

BARRY UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF THEOLOGY & PHILOSOPHY

STUDENT'S NAME:
ADVISOR'S NAME:
SEMESTER FOR COMPS:
CORE COURSES COMPLETED: YES NO
If NO, indicate the semester in which core courses will be completed
ELECTIVE COURSES COMPLETED.YES NO
If NO, indicate the semester in which elective courses be ilcompleted

If applying for comprehensive exams in the fall semester, this form should be filled out by the student and enailed to the aculty member scheduling corresponding corresponding corresponding to the aculty member scheduling to the aculty memb

If applying for comprehensive exams in the student and mailed to the faculty member scheduling commensive no later than November 15th of the semester preceding.